

Alternatively, the total area of land used for energy production could be capped through spatially explicit strategic planning. Finally, we highlight the role of policy and process in shaping community acceptance of solar farms.

Does policy influence community acceptance of solar farms?

Finally, we highlight the role of policy and process in shaping community acceptance of solar farms. We find that people's broader views on energy policy feed into their views on specific infrastructure projects such as Cleve Hill, which we describe as a 'relational' understanding of community acceptance.

Is solar energy a socio-political option?

Opinion polls tend to indicate that solar energy enjoys a high level of socio-political acceptanceand is preferred to other renewables. To that end, a survey by the solar company SunPower uncovered some interesting trends about different generations of people in the US, their approaches to the climate crisis, and their attitudes toward solar.

Are solar farms'relational' or 'absolute'?

This indicates that community acceptance of solar farms is 'relational' rather than absolute; by this we mean it is informed by the deployment of other energy technologies and the wider energy policy landscape, not only the specific solar farm.

What causes a lack of social acceptance for an energy project?

Lack of social acceptance for an energy project is related to risk perception factors such as lack of control, potential for destructive consequences, inequitable distribution of costs and benefits, and uncertainties.

Is solar a determinant of a low-carbon energy transition?

Public acceptance and support for solar are important determinants of the low-carbon energy transition. Opinion polls tend to indicate that solar energy enjoys a high level of socio-political acceptance and is preferred to other renewables.





This paper adopts a quantitative approach to investigate the social acceptance of solar energy technologies from user's perspective. In this research door to door data was collected from 400 respondents, and analysed by the software SPSS 16. Interestingly, the survey results show that there is still a huge lack of awareness and proper knowledge



As global production of energy from renewable sources has grown over the last 25 years, so too has research on social acceptance of renewable energy. This article reports findings from a systematic review of peer-reviewed articles related to this subject. There has been a rapid increase in the frequency of these studies and a shift in



The energy innovation system entails complexity as public acceptance, energy cost, capacity, and collaborations all play a role aside from any technological complexity [31]. The attitudes and opinions of the public seem to count in renewable energy development and investments [32]. The acceptance is seen to impact any energy policy implementations [33].





This research uses case studies in two regional Australian communities to examine the social acceptance of residential solar energy, in particular under the influence of financial incentives and social interactions. 55 semi-structured interviews with members of the local community, industry and government were undertaken between May and October



and acceptance of solar energy among consumers. Survey results showed that only 26 % respondents were familiar with and 42 % were somewhat familiar with RE, whereas almost 30 % are ignorant of RE. Public awareness of RE remains weak even among potential users of solar energy furthermore, survey results cover solar energy importance,



Few academics have explored emerging countries" public acceptance of renewables, especially solar energy this perspective, based on the study conducted by [14], attitude, social belief, and perceived efficacy have a significant influence on public acceptance of solar energy. [15] examined the tendency of society to embrace solar energy. Similarly, ???





Policy goals for sustainable energy will be hampered without sufficient public acceptance and public support. While there is a growing body of literature on public acceptance for solar energy



However, social acceptance of solar energy could influence the feasibility of the energy as an alternative to satisfy the rising demand. Drawing from research survey and the academic literature, this paper explores the factors that could ???



In the same way as for solar energy acceptance, information was a significant predictor of utility, positive emotions, perceived risk, and acceptance. The contribution of utility to the variance of acceptance was both direct and indirect, mainly through perceived benefits. Again, the results coincided with those obtained for the acceptance of





Opinion polls indicate that solar energy enjoys a high level of socio-political acceptance and is preferred to other renewables, although it is unclear whether this acceptance persists as the



Photovoltaic (PV) energy sources are considered potential sources of renewable energy for combating climate change. However, consumer acceptance of PV-based energy storage systems must be studied comprehensively and psychologically beyond mere awareness and affordability. This study explores consumer acceptance of PV energy storage systems, ???



This chapter assesses the utility of the energy justice framework to study and understand social acceptance of renewable energy in case studies in the Global South (wind, hydropower, solar PV). Findings indicate a set of procedural, recognition and distributive





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The public acceptance of solar energy and the level of willingness to pay for green electricity among the respondents will be investigated to understand the preliminary acceptance level of a new RE technology in Malaysia. With considerations of the global critical energy situation and the future energy scenario in Malaysia, this study reviews



The findings show a manipulation from private businesses in which the cost of solar energy with conventional grid energy limits locals from accepting solar energy technology. Although many studies are conducted on the acceptance or adoption of SE technologies, a standard TPB was used to get results (Perri et al. 2020).





Moreover, they indicated that utilizing solar energy resources and employing hydropower are the appropriate desirable solutions for the economic and environmental contributions, and welfare aspects, respectively. Although there are a number of prior studies on social acceptance of renewable energy resources (Kim et al., 2020),



For Malaysia context, solar energy has been considered suitable due to its strategic geographical location. Implementation of solar energy would indicate a successful story, but it depends on how well solar energy been accepted by the public. The greater acceptance by the public, the wider usage of solar energy in daily transaction.



One important stakeholder to consider when building large-scale solar farms is the community that will live near them. Research has shown that community acceptance of public siting energy technologies, or a lack thereof, can greatly influence the successful deployment of renewable energy projects [3]. Therefore, it is important to understand, ahead of time, the ???





This study adopts a proactive approach to scrutinize stakeholder acceptance of a new energy technology, specifically the chemical storage of solar energy before its introduction. Through an explanatory literature review, the study comprehensively synthesizes factors influencing stakeholder acceptance relevant to the case technology SUN2CHEM.



Social acceptance is important for large scale implementation of new technologies such as renewable energy technology. Positive public opinion/participation is a must for adoption of technology such as solar energy technology and implementation of government policies. In this paper the public opinion of the people of three villages (Gajner, Kolayat and Nokha) on solar ???



The findings disclose that the intention factors, i.e., perception about self-effectiveness, environmental concern, awareness of solar energy, and belief of solar energy benefits impart positive





A Case Study of the UK's First "Nationally Significant" Solar Farm. Solar Energy, 209, 235???244. 11. A Systematic Literature Review on the Factors Influencing Landscape Design and Social Acceptance. Energy Research and Social Science, 91, 102740.



Energy becomes an inevitable component for economic development as also for improving and maintaining the quality of life. Solar energy is a very large renewable, clean and green source of energy. Solar energy could fulfill all the present and future energy needs of the world on a continuous basis to achieve Sustainable Development.



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