

How to achieve energy saving in building sectors in Hong Kong?

Thus, achieving energy saving in the building sectors is the primary target for the long-term. In October 1998, the Electrical and Mechanical Services Department has launched the voluntary Hong Kong Energy Efficiency Registration Scheme for Buildings to promote the application of the Building Energy Code.

What is the Hong Kong building energy ordinance?

The Ordinance is to promote enhancement of the building energy efficiency in Hong Kong. The key requirements of the Ordinance include: Conduction of energy audit for central building services installations of commercial buildings and commercial portions of composite buildings every 10 years.

How much energy will Hong Kong save by 2035?

By 2035, the estimated annual energy saving is expected to bring about an annual energy saving of around 4.7 billion to 5.3 billion kWh from buildings in Hong Kong (compared with 2015), which will help Hong Kong achieve the carbon neutrality target before 2050 as set out in the Hong Kong's Climate Action Plan 2050.

What is LNG & how does it work in Hong Kong?

LNG is natural gas that has been cooled to -162°C , and its volume is reduced to around 1/600 of its original volume, making it easier to store and transport. The completion of the offshore LNG terminal gives the power companies direct access to international LNG markets and provides a long-term alternative source of fuel to meet Hong Kong's needs.

How much LNG does Hong Kong use a month?

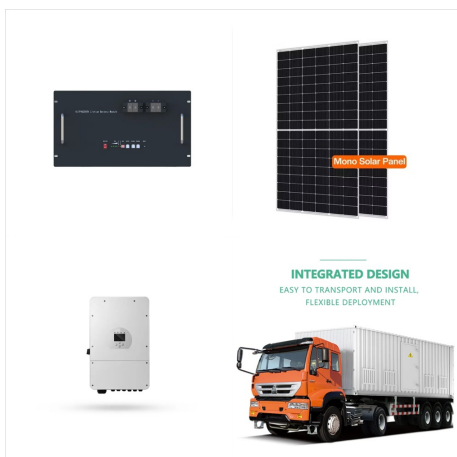
The first shipment of around 139,000 cubic metres LNG is sufficient to meet the monthly electricity needs of around 1.5 million residential households, based on a typical three-member household in Hong Kong using 275 units of electricity a month.



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management of climate and environmental risks to
the financial sector, accelerate the growth of green
and sustainable finance in Hong Kong and support
the Government's climate strategies.



The latest 2021 edition of the Building Energy Code (BEC) has improved the overall building energy efficiency by over 23% as compared with the 2012 edition. It is expected the energy efficiency of the BEC could be further increased by 10% before 2035.



The Electrical and Mechanical Services Department (EMSD) today (December 31) gazetted the 2021 Edition of both the Code of Practice for Energy Efficiency of Building Services Installation (BEC) and the Code of Practice for Building Energy Audit (EAC), pursuant to section 40 of the Buildings Energy Efficiency Ordinance (BEEO), to enhance the



We are consulting the trade on the proposal to amend the BEEO for strengthening the energy efficiency of buildings and promote decarbonisation in Hong Kong, including extending the scope of regulation to more types of buildings, mandating the disclosure of information related to energy audit reports and shortening the interval of energy audits



To provide certain explanations to the Codes against the legislative background, corresponding Technical Guidelines on Energy Audit Code and on Building Energy Code have been issued. The BEC and the EAC are reviewed on regular basis.



Please refer to the latest edition of the Building Energy Code for the detailed energy efficiency standards and requirements of the relevant building services installations and the latest edition of the Energy Audit Code for the detailed technical requirements of energy audit.



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