

Energy production ??? mainly the burning of fossil fuels ??? accounts for around three-quarters of global greenhouse gas emissions.Not only is energy production the largest driver of climate change, but the burning of fossil fuels and biomass ???



The International Renewable Energy Agency
(IRENA) is an intergovernmental organisation
supporting countries in their transition to a
sustainable energy future. Global Long-Term
Energy Scenarios Network webinar series: Energy
Planning Frameworks for Mobilizing Finance for the
Energy Transition



The latest edition of the World Energy Outlook (WEO), the most authoritative global source of energy analysis and projections, describes an energy system in 2030 in which clean technologies play a significantly greater role than today. This includes almost 10 times as many electric cars on the road worldwide; solar PV generating more





Global clean energy deployment scaled new heights in 2023, with annual additions of solar PV and wind growing 85% and 60% respectively. Capacity additions for these two technologies reached almost 540 GW, with China accounting for the majority of both. Clean energy deployment in 2023, however, remained too concentrated in advanced economies and



Global energy investment is set to exceed USD 3 trillion for the first time in 2024, with USD 2 trillion going to clean energy technologies and infrastructure. Investment in clean energy has accelerated since 2020, and spending on renewable power, grids and storage is now higher than total spending on oil, gas, and coal.



Clean energy is moving towards centre stage in the global energy system ??? and as its importance rises, a new clean energy economy is emerging.

Clean electricity accounted for around 80% of new capacity additions to the world's electricity system in 2023, and electric vehicles for around one out of five cars sold globally.





That's because renewable energy sources, such as solar and wind, don"t emit carbon dioxide and other greenhouse gases that contribute to global warming. Clean energy has far more to recommend it than just being "green." The growing sector creates jobs, makes electric grids more resilient, expands energy access in developing countries, and helps



The global energy crisis was not a clean energy crisis, but it has focused attention on the importance of ensuring rapid, people-centred and orderly transitions. Three interlinked issues stand out: risks to affordability, electricity security and the resilience of clean energy supply chains. Sheltering consumers from volatile fuel prices in



The world is on an "unstoppable" shift towards renewable energy but the phase down of fossil fuels is not happening quickly enough, a new report says. The International Energy Agency, the global





Amid the global energy crisis and worsening climate emergency, the United Nations and partners on Wednesday launched two new initiatives to accelerate action towards achieving clean, affordable energy for all, and the ambitious goal of net-zero carbon emissions.



Yet despite record growth, renewable energy installations need to ramp up even faster. Analyses of achieving 100% carbon-free electricity by 2035, what's needed to achieve U.S. greenhouse gas reduction targets, indicate that annual installation rates of renewables in coming years need to nearly double the rates seen in 2023.. Electric vehicle sales set new records in ???



Creating a global initiative to support the clean energy transition for islands and remote communities. Working with the Department of State and the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), Secretary Granholm announced that DOE will lead the Energy Transitions Initiative-Global (ETI-G).





Global energy consumption continues to grow, but it does seem to be slowing ??? averaging around 1% to 2% per year. that this is based on primary energy via the substitution method: this means nuclear and renewable energy technologies have been converted into their "primary input equivalents" if they had the same levels of inefficiency



This year's edition of the World Energy Investment provides a full update on the investment picture in 2023 and an initial reading of the emerging picture for 2024.. The report provides a global benchmark for tracking capital flows in the energy sector and examines how investors are assessing risks and opportunities across all areas of fuel and electricity supply, ???



The IEA's Tracking Clean Energy Progress (TCEP) assesses recent developments for over 50 components of the energy system that are critical for clean energy transitions. The components assessed include sectors, subsectors, technologies, infrastructure and cross-cutting strategies.





The global proliferation of renewable energy has been fueled by a combination of factors, spearheaded by proactive government policies. These include the implementation of renewable portfolio standards, the provision of feed-in tariffs, auction mechanisms, and the availability of tax credits [6] ch policies, along with dedicated initiatives to foster research ???



The complexity of the global clean energy system makes it hard to assess how Covid-19 will affect the speed with which clean energy technologies can be developed and improved. This is compounded by widespread uncertainty about the longer term impacts of the pandemic. However, available data and historical precedent suggest significant cause for

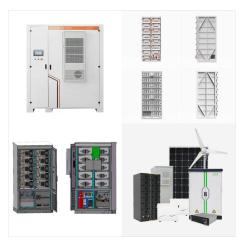


Improve global access to components and raw materials. A robust supply of renewable energy components and raw materials is essential. More widespread access to all the key components and materials





Higher and more diversified investment is needed to curb today's price pressures and create more resilient clean energy supply chains. Worldwide exploration spending rose 30% in 2021, with the increase in the United States, Canada and Latin America offering the prospect of more diversified supply in the years ahead.



Rounding up the top five of the largest renewable energy companies worldwide is Danish wind energy company Vestas, which develops, manufactures and installs wind turbines across the globe. A leader in sustainable energy, Vestas designs, manufactures, installs and service wind energy and hybrid projects that have already prevented 1.9bn tonnes?



An astonishing stat was this year, about \$1.7 trillion worldwide was going to be invested in clean energy technologies - wind, solar power, electric vehicles, nuclear batteries - compared with \$1





The chart below shows the percentage of global electricity production that comes from nuclear or renewable energy, such as solar, wind, hydropower, wind and tidal, and some biomass. (the sum of all renewable energy technologies) worldwide. The sections below give the share of electricity we get from individual renewable technologies???solar



How much is global renewable energy capacity increasing and what must happen to achieve the COP28 pledge to triple clean energy capacity by 2030? Energy Transition The world added 50% more renewable capacity last year than in 2022 Feb 8, 2024. Renewable energy capacity grew significantly last year.



Renewable energy actually is the cheapest power option in most parts of the world today. Prices for renewable energy technologies are dropping rapidly. The cost of electricity from solar power





Global Energy Review 2021 - Analysis and key findings. A report by the International Energy Agency. Renewable energy use increased 3% in 2020 as demand for all other fuels declined. The primary driver was an almost 7% growth in electricity generation from renewable sources. Long-term contracts, priority access to the grid, and continuous



Tripling global renewable capacity in the power sector from 2022 levels by 2030 would take it above 11 000 GW, in line with IEA's Net Zero Emissions by 2050 (NZE) Scenario. Under existing policies and market conditions, global ???