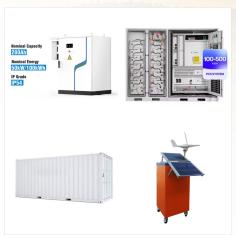


WASHINGTON, D.C. ??? The U.S. Department of Energy (DOE) today announced two Requests for Information (RFI) to collect feedback from stakeholders to inform the implementation and design of the Bipartisan Infrastructure Law's Regional Hydrogen Hub and the Electrolysis and Clean Hydrogen Manufacturing and Recycling Programs. This request will ???



The U.S. Department of Energy (DOE) launched the \$50 million Renew America's Nonprofits Program ??? referred to in President Biden's Bipartisan Infrastructure Law as the Energy Efficiency Materials Pilot Program ??? to reduce carbon emissions, improve health and safety, and lower utilities costs at buildings owned and operated by 501(c)(3) nonprofits.



Increase of Goal for Renewable Energy on Federal Land (Section 207): Increases DOI's goal for permitting renewable energy projects on federal land from 25 to 50 GWs, and tasks DOI to consult with other relevant agencies ???





The Bipartisan Infrastructure Deal will invest \$7.5 billion to build out the first-ever national network of EV chargers in the United States. The deal is also a critical element in the



Program Description Eligible Entities Additional Resources; Production Tax Credit for Electricity from Renewables: Provides a tax credit for production of electricity from renewable sources. 1 Facilities generating electricity from wind, biomass, geothermal, solar, small irrigation, landfill and trash, hydropower, and marine and hydrokinetic renewable energy



The Budget invests \$1.6 billion through the Department of Energy (DOE), more than double from when President Biden took office, to support clean energy workforce and infrastructure projects across





LOCUST GROVE, Georgia ??? As part of President Biden's Investing in America agenda, a key pillar of Bidenomics, White House Infrastructure Implementation Coordinator Mitch Landrieu and Secretary of Energy Jennifer M. Granholm today announced \$3.46 billion for 58 projects across 44 states to strengthen electric grid resilience and reliability across America.



Renewable energy often relies on batteries to store energy from intermittent energy sources such as wind and solar, which only generate electricity about 40% of the time. The recently passed Inflation Reduction Act ???



This page summarizes information in the Inflation Reduction Act related to renewable energy project tax provisions. While EPA does have some Inflation Reduction Act funding opportunities, the Green Power Partnership does not and is only presenting this material for informational purposes. This page will be updated as Treasury and other federal agencies ???





Building on decades of research and innovation, clean energy technologies are now less expensive, better performing, and playing a rapidly growing role in the U.S. energy economy, to the benefit of our communities and long-term energy ???



WASHINGTON, D.C. ??? The Biden-Harris Administration, through the U.S. Department of Energy (DOE), today announced its intent to use \$30 million from President Biden's Bipartisan Infrastructure Law to fund research and development projects that will lower costs for wind energy projects on land and offshore to benefit communities across the country.



Additional Funding. The Act includes nearly \$100 Billion in additional funding for infrastructure projects. Oregon communities may have an opportunity to receive additional energy-related funding from the Act for: energy efficiency and conservation, transmission lines, smart grid investments, zero emission school buses, projects to improve the energy resilience ???





His earlier hopes for over \$100bn towards clean energy have been temporarily dashed, but this bill puts billions towards new power lines, rebuilding America's old electric grids and expanding



New York State Energy Research and Development Authority President and CEO Doreen M. Harris said, "This latest and largest round of large-scale renewable energy awards is further proof that New York is, and will continue to be, a place where the renewable energy sector can thrive. This cohort of large-scale renewable energy projects reflect



The Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act (IIJA), also known as the Bipartisan Infrastructure Law (BIL), is a United States federal statute enacted by the 117th United States Congress and signed into law by President Joe Biden on November 15, 2021. It was introduced in the House as the INVEST in America Act and nicknamed the Bipartisan Infrastructure Bill.





The Energy Act of 2020 directed the Department of the Interior to permit 25 gigawatts of renewable energy on departmentally managed lands by 2025; the Biden-Harris Administration is already on



President Biden's infrastructure package, which Senate Majority Leader Chuck Schumer wants to pass this week, includes \$7.5 billion for transitioning to electric buses and ferries and incentives for solar power. In 2019, about one-third of the polysilicon, a material used to construct solar panels, came from the Xinjiang province of China, where human rights of ???



? The 2024 climate bill builds on the progress Massachusetts is making to quickly and equitably transition to a cleaner, more renewable energy system. Here, in plain English, is what's in the bill.





The House passed the bipartisan infrastructure bill tonight after months spent negotiating amid an internal rift among moderate and progressive Democrats about a separate sweeping spending bill



A \$3.5 trillion budget resolution, approved by the Senate early this morning, contains more tax credits and incentives for renewable energy, including a clean electricity payment program.



In this deal, he made his critical support for the IRA contingent on the passage of an energy infrastructure permit reform bill, which, among other provisions, aims to speed the processes of





The Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act, also known as the Bipartisan Infrastructure Law (BIL), which was signed in November 2021, will provide more than \$1 trillion in public investment. One core component of the ???



While the bill allows the leasing of federal lands and waters for renewable energy, it also ties in leases for fossil fuel as part of the bargain. That means in order for solar and wind projects



WASHINGTON, D.C.??? The U.S. Department of Energy (DOE) today launched the "Building a Better Grid" Initiative to catalyze the nationwide development of new and upgraded high-capacity electric transmission lines, as enabled by President Biden's Bipartisan Infrastructure Law.Building a Better Grid will work with community and industry stakeholders to identify ???





Renewable energy often relies on batteries to store energy from intermittent energy sources such as wind and solar, which only generate electricity about 40% of the time. The recently passed Inflation Reduction Act attempts to encourage US-based manufacturing of this kind of clean infrastructure. The bill includes at least \$15 billion in clean



The BIL authorizes three hydroelectric incentive programs: Hydroelectric Production Incentives (BIL provision 40331 and EPAct 242) will provide \$125 million in incentive payments to qualified hydroelectric facilities for electricity generated and sold.. On October 9, 2024, the U.S. Department of Energy (DOE) announced 39 hydroelectric facilities throughout the country will ???



Americans spend over \$400 billion each year to power our homes and commercial buildings, which consume 40% of the nation's total energy. Investments in efficient buildings will help us do more with less energy, alleviate pressure on our electric grid, allow for greater use of renewable and sustainable energy supplies, and ensure that we have available reliable energy supplies ???





The bill does provide \$73 billion to modernize the nation's electricity grid so that it can carry more renewable energy, the single largest federal investment in power transmission in history.



The energy and environment provisions of this new infrastructure bill are similar to the 2009 stimulus bill that also focused on concepts such as green jobs and climate investment. If the 2009 stimulus bill is any indication of what all of this tax and spending means for the economy, then Americans should expect this bill to, once again



President Biden's proposed investments in the Bipartisan Infrastructure Deal and Build Back Better Agenda will invest in the infrastructure, manufacturing, innovation, and incentives for solar





We are so thrilled to support this effort to save people money and accelerate Colorado's pathway to 100% renewable energy." Illinois Governor JB Pritzker said, "Community solar programs are essential to the expansion of renewable energy across the state of Illinois and the entire nation. That's why I'm proud to continue our state's