

1. Introduction. While oxygenic photosynthesis supplies energy to drive essentially all biology in our ecosystem, it involves highly energetic intermediates that can generate highly toxic reactive oxygen species (ROS) that can damage the organisms it powers []. Thus, the energy input into photosynthesis must be tightly regulated by photoprotective mechanisms that act at ???



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Photoelectrochemical (PEC) devices offer the promise of efficient artificial photosynthesis. In this Review, recently developed light-harvesting materials for PEC application are scrutinized with





Additionally, visible light in the solar spectrum hinders the storage of UV energy using conventional azo-based photoswitchable materials because the visible light converts the charged cis isomers back to uncharged trans isomers, as illustrated in Figure 3 A. Due to visible light-induced back isomerization, broad-spectrum sunlight irradiation



[1???10]. For example, advancements in energy storage sys-tems (ESSs) have led to the proliferation of portable elec-tronics such as smartphones, laptops, wearable sensors, and Abbreviations LMI Light???material interaction ESSs Energy storage systems IoTs Internet of things PZT Pb(Zr x,Ti 1???x)O 3 PET lene yh t Peoly terephthalate



The world's energy crisis and environmental pollution are mainly caused by the increase in the use of fossil fuels for energy, which has led scientists to investigate specific cutting-edge devices that can capture the energy present in the immediate environment for subsequent conversion. The predominant form of energy is mechanical energy; it is the most ???





Understanding why certain materials work better than others when it comes to energy storage is a crucial step for developing the batteries that will power electronic devices, electric vehicles and renewable energy grids. Researchers at Drexel University have developed a new technique that can quickly identify the exact electrochemical mechanisms taking place in ???



Thermal energy can be stored in several ways, using different categories of materials based on their storage method: sensible heat storage materials, latent heat storage materials, and thermochemical materials. Sensible Heat Storage Materials: These materials store energy by changing their temperature without undergoing a phase change.



The chemical structure, degree of generated supercooling, storage capacity, thermal and cycling stability, morphology changes and light controlled release of the PCC were deeply investigated. This class of optimized PCC paves a way to develop advanced material for light-operated solar energy storage and controllable release.





2.1.2 Tetra-ortho substituted azobenzenesSubstituents with heteroatoms (O, N, S) attached in the ortho-positions to the azo bond contribute a fraction of their nonbonding electron

density to the aromatic systems, thereby lowering the energetic barrier for isomerization. 30a, 33 Bulky substituents in ortho position furthermore distort the planarity of the E-isomer, affecting ???



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In a various types of photoactive thermal energy storage materials, azobenzene and its derivatives with numerous applications [[8], [9], [10]] has received considerable research interests in the area of photoactive chemical heat storage material attribute to the unique light response properties, excellent chemical stability, tunable and reversible thermal reversion ???





For rechargeable batteries, metal ions are reversibly inserted/detached from the electrode material while enabling the conversion of energy during the redox reaction [3].Lithium-ion batteries (Li-ion, LIBs) are the most commercially successful secondary batteries, but their highest weight energy density is only 300 Wh kg ???1, which is far from meeting the ???



Grid-Scale Energy Storage: Hydrogen storage materials can help address the intermittent nature of renewable energy sources like solar and wind power. Target explanation document: onboard hydrogen storage for light-duty fuel cell vehicles. US Drive 1:1???29. MathSciNet Google Scholar Morris L, Hales JJ, Trudeau ML, Georgiev P, Embs JP



Fossil fuels are widely used around the world, resulting in adverse effects on global temperatures. Hence, there is a growing movement worldwide towards the introduction and use of green energy, i.e., energy produced without emitting pollutants. Korea has a high dependence on fossil fuels and is thus investigating various energy production and storage technologies for ???





Energy crisis and environmental problem caused by traditional energy consumption have received considerable critical attention, so the exploration of energy-saving and environmentally friendly material is becoming more and more important [1,2,3,4,5] order to solve this problem, phase change materials (PCMs) are suggested due to their superior ???



The thermophysical properties of thermal energy storage materials should be presented in the following aspects according to the given requirements of the application fields. Melting point: Phase change materials should have a melting point near the required operational temperature range of the TES system.



Latent thermal energy storage using phase change material (PCM) is an effective way to store and transport thermal energy. In this work, a shape-stabilized light-to-thermal conversion composite PCM containing 72.5 wt% CH 3 COONa?3H 2 O (SAT), 0.4 wt% Na 2 HPO 4, 17.1 wt% expanded graphite (EG) and 10 wt% CuS was prepared using a physical blending ???





Hybrid graphene aerogels (HGA) consisting of graphene oxide (GO) and graphene nanoplatelets (GNP) were prepared and introduced into polyethylene glycol (PEG) via vacuum impregnation, aiming at obtaining composite phase change materials (PCMs) with high thermal conductivity, outstanding shape-stabilization, high energy storage density, commendable ???



Among various energy storage technologies, electrochemical energy storage is of great interest for its potential applications in renewable energy-related fields. There are various types of electrochemical energy storage devices, such as secondary batteries, flow batteries, super capacitors, fuel cells, etc. Lithium-ion batteries are currently



Phase change materials (PCMs) have shown great application potential in sustainable energy utilization. The green preparation and efficient application are both focus of PCMs in research. In this paper, without any carbonized process under high temperature, bio-based sodium alginate (SA) and different content of ZrP nanosheets modified by PDA were ???





Development of photoactive chemical heat storage (PCHS) materials that can be isomerized without ultraviolet light and have outstanding storage performance as well as high rate heat output capability under low temperature conditions is a core issue for effective solar thermal conversion this study, we report a novel PCHS material by attaching ortho-tetrafluorinated ???



Exceptionally high energy density by mass, natural abundance, widespread applications, and environmental friendliness make hydrogen (H 2) a front-runner among clean energy options. However, the transition towards clean and renewable energy applications and the actualization of H 2 economy require an efficient H 2 storage medium.

Material-based H 2???



Among various thermal energy storage materials, organic thermal storage materials have shown good features such as high energy storage density, chemical stability, cost effectiveness and non





Tyagi VV, Chopra K, Kalidasan B, et al. Phase change material based advance solar thermal energy storage systems for building heating and cooling applications: a prospective research approach. Sustain Energy Technologies
Assessments, 2021, 47: 101318. Article Google Scholar. Javadi FS, Metselaar HSC, Ganesan P. Performance improvement of solar thermal ???



In general, an energy storage material system is composed of two kinds of materials 7,15: light harvesting materials and energy storage materials. Light harvesting materials are materials capable