

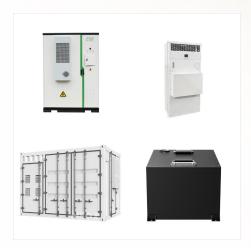
For the first time, astronomers have used NASA's James Webb Space Telescope to take a direct image of a planet outside our solar system. The exoplanet is a gas giant, meaning it has no rocky surface and could not be habitable.

How many planets are in our Solar System?

Our solar system is made up of a star--the Sun--eight planets, more than 140 moons, a bunch of comets, asteroids and space rocks, ice, and several dwarf planets, such as Pluto.

Which planet has the best image ever taken of a dwarf planet?

Each and every planet--and one dwarf planet--in our solar system,represented with the single best image ever taken of it. Say hello to our neighbors. Can't get enough of this marble. NASA/NOAA/GSFC/Suomi NPP/VIIRS/Norman Kuring Mercury,as seen by MESSENGER. NASA/Johns Hopkins University Applied Physics Laboratory/Carnegie Institution of Washington



With lots of 3D features this application allows you to explore the solar system with many basic facts thrown in. It also allows you to see all the stars and constellations. Solar System Maps. To see a some interesting solar system maps including "Space without the Space" and "If the moon were only 1 pixel", visit our Solar System Maps page.





Let's look at the mean temperature of the Sun, and the planets in our solar system. The mean temperature is the average temperature over the surface of the rocky planets: Mercury, Venus, Earth, and Mars. Eyes on the Solar System: A real-time visualization of our solar system using planetary science data. NASA/JPL-Caltech.



The Nine Planets is an encyclopedic overview with facts and information about mythology and current scientific knowledge of the planets, moons, and other objects in our solar system and beyond. The 9 Planets in Our Solar System



A description of each of the solar system planets and the history of our knowledge of them. We use cookies. By browsing our site you agree to our use of cookies. OK, Got it. The planets and the solar system were formed from a huge cloud of gases and dust particles left over when a massive star exploded as a supernova.





Mars, the red planet, is the seventh largest planet in our solar system. Mars is about half the width of Earth, and has an equatorial diameter of about 4,221 miles (6,792 kilometers). Mars is the fourth planet from the Sun, orbiting at an average distance of 141.6 million miles (227.9 million kilometers).



? The solar system's several billion comets are found mainly in two distinct reservoirs. The more-distant one, called the Oort cloud, is a spherical shell surrounding the solar system at a distance of approximately 50,000 astronomical units (AU)???more than 1,000 times the distance of Pluto's orbit. The other reservoir, the Kuiper belt, is a thick disk-shaped zone whose main ???



Scientists may no longer consider Pluto a planet, but it remained the last unexplored world of our solar system until Tuesday, when the fastest spacecraft to ever leave Earth reached its elusive





Neptune from Voyager 2. Image credit: NASA/JPL. Neptune is the eight planet of our Solar System, and the farthest from the Sun. Like Uranus, it is both a gas giant and ice giant, composed of a



The Solar System "family portrait" is the final series of 60 images captured by NASA's Voyager 1 that show six of our solar system's planets. It remains the first and only time ??? so far ??? a spacecraft has attempted to ???



Saturn is the sixth planet from the Sun and the second largest planet in our solar system. Adorned with a dazzling system of icy rings, Saturn is unique among the planets. Saturn is a massive ball made mostly of hydrogen and helium. The farthest planet from Earth discovered by the unaided human eye, Saturn has been known since ancient times.





Eyes on the Solar System. This simulated live view of the solar system allows you to explore the planets, their moons, asteroids, comets and the spacecraft interacting with them in 3D. You can also fast-forward or rewind time, and explore the solar system as it looked from 1950 to 2050, complete with past and future NASA missions.



Our moon is the only other place in the solar system that that humans have visited. It's a cold round rock possessing caches of frozen water. Our moon orbits the Earth about once every 27 days at



The 8 primary planets of the solar system. (MARK GARLICK/SCIENCE PHOTO LIBRARY via Getty Images) Let's take a closer look at each of the 8 largest celestial bodies that orbit the sun, the planets. We''ll start with the closest planet to the sun and work our way out to the distant outer solar system objects. Mercury





Editor's Note: This post highlights images from Webb science in progress, It is young as planets go ??? about 15 to 20 million years old, compared to our 4.5-billion-year-old Earth. Webb is solving mysteries in our solar system, looking beyond to distant worlds around other stars, and probing the mysterious structures and origins of



Hubble regularly observes the global seasonal dust storms on Mars, producing astonishing high resolution images. Unlike the planets in our Solar System, the dwarf planet Pluto has not yet been visited by a probe, but in 1994 Hubble made the first clear images showing Pluto and its moon Charon as separate objects from a distance of 4.4 billion



Hubble's Solar System. The Hubble Space
Telescope's view of the planets and other objects
orbiting our Sun. View Gallery. Flickr albums and
see astronauts at work in space, behind the scenes
of mission operations, and Hubble's iconic images
from nebulae to gravitational lens. Explore More
Albums. M57, or the Ring Nebula, is a planetary





As humans advance and our technology becomes more powerful to view the cosmos, we will develop a deeper understanding of these planets in our solar system, as well as the billions of other planets



Introduction. The planetary system we call home is located in an outer spiral arm of the Milky Way galaxy. Our solar system consists of our star, the Sun, and everything bound to it by gravity ??? the planets Mercury, Venus, Earth, Mars, Jupiter, Saturn, Uranus, and Neptune; dwarf planets such as Pluto; dozens of moons; and millions of asteroids, comets, and meteoroids.



For the holidays, we're bringing you eight examples of light from real planets beyond our solar system. These real images show exoplanets light-years (aka trillions of miles) away from Earth. Exoplanets are far away, and ???