#### Why is Saudi Arabia investing in solar energy?

Leveraging its abundant sunshine and vast desert areas, Saudi Arabia is now pivoting to solar energy, aligning with its Vision 2030 plan to diversify its economy and ensure sustainable growthby reducing oil dependency and investing in renewable energy.

Where in Saudi Arabia is solar power coming from?

Key locations include Sakakain Al Jouf Province, Al Shuaibah in Makkah Province, and Sudair in Riyadh Province, among others. These projects capitalize on Saudi Arabia's geographical position and favorable weather conditions to generate solar power. Solar energy is set to expand nationwide.

How much solar power will Saudi Arabia have by 2032?

The Saudi agency in charge of developing the nations renewable energy sector,Ka-care,announced in May 2012 that the nation would install 41 gigawatts(GW) of solar capacity by 2032. It was projected to be composed of 25 GW of solar thermal,and 16 GW of photovoltaics.

Will Saudi Arabia install solar power in 2030?

In March 2018 Saudi Arabia announced that together with Softbank they plan to install 200 GWof solar power through 2030. This compares to a global solar power installation of 100 GW in 2017 and a total installed capacity of 77 GW in Saudi Arabia in 2016. This project was cancelled in September 2018.

Why is solar power important in Saudi Arabia?

Solar power in Saudi Arabia has become more important to the country as oil prices have risen. In 2021,60.89% of energy consumed was produced by burning oil.

What is the transition to solar energy in Saudi Arabia?

The transition to solar energy in Saudi Arabia is spearheaded by the Ministry of Energy through the Renewable Energy Program. Key stakeholders in the private sector, alongside international partners such as ACWA Power, Alfanar Group, and EDF Renewables, play pivotal roles in driving this initiative forward.





Saudi Arabia is conveniently located in the sun belt to take advantage of solar energy. Insulation is the most important aspect to consider when selecting suitable sites to build PV power plants. Average solar radiation in Saudi Arabia varies between a maximum of 7.004 kWh/m 2 at Bisha and a minimum of 4.479 kWh/m 2 at Tabuk (Fig. 3). The

By the end of the decade, Saudi Arabia aims to generate 58.7 gigawatts of renewable energy. This includes 40 GW from solar photovoltaics, alongside 16 GW from wind energy and 2.7 GW from concentrated solar power. The scale of this initiative underscores the Kingdom's commitment to a sustainable energy future.



Leveraging its abundant sunshine and vast desert areas, Saudi Arabia is now pivoting to solar energy, aligning with its Vision 2030 plan to diversify its economy and ensure sustainable growth by reducing oil ???





In response to these challenges and the shifting global energy paradigm, Saudi Arabia is strategically transitioning to solar energy. Its geographical position offers an unparalleled advantage for solar energy generation, with year-round high solar irradiance and extensive uninhabited desert landscapes ideal for sprawling solar projects.

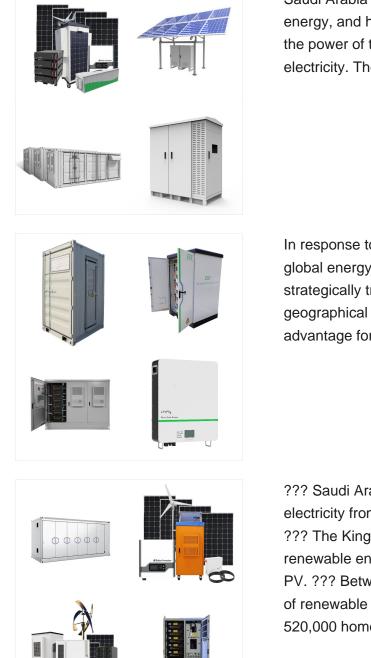


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By 2030, Saudi Arabia wants to produce 58.7 GW of renewable energy, of which 40 GW will come from solar photovoltaics (solar PV), 16 GW from wind energy, and 2.7 GW from concentrated solar power (CSP) [34].





Saudi Arabia has significant potential in renewable energy, and has worked in recent years to harness the power of the sun and wind to generate electricity. These efforts are not only ???

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??? The Kingdom plans to generate 58.7 GW of renewable energy by 2030, with 40 GW from solar PV. ??? Between 2022 and 2024, it added 2.1 GW of renewable capacity, enough to power more than 520,000 homes.





The main technologies Saudi Arabia employs are photovoltaic and concentrated solar power. Of these two, photovoltaic (PV) systems are the most commonly applied throughout Saudi Arabia. They produce clean electricity by converting solar energy through semiconductor materials. [23]



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