



What does Svalbard and Jan Mayen stand for?

Svalbard and Jan Mayen (Norwegian: Svalbard og Jan Mayen, ISO 3166-1 alpha-2: SJ, ISO 3166-1 alpha-3: SJM, ISO 3166-1 numeric: 744) is a statistical designation defined by ISO 3166-1 for a collective grouping of two remote jurisdictions of Norway: Svalbard and Jan Mayen.

What is MOSJ - environmental monitoring of Svalbard & Jan Mayen?

MOSJ (Environmental Monitoring of Svalbard and Jan Mayen) is an environmental monitoring system and part of the Government's environmental monitoring in Norway. An important function is to provide a basis for seeing whether the political targets set for the development of the environment in the North are being attained.

What do Svalbard and Jan Mayen have in common?

Svalbard and Jan Mayen have in common that they are the only integrated parts of Norway not allocated to counties. While a separate ISO code for Svalbard was proposed by the United Nations, it was the Norwegian authorities who took initiative to include Jan Mayen in the code. Its official language is Norwegian.

What is Svalbard & Jan Mayen in ISO 3166-2?

ISO 3166-2:SJ is the entry for Svalbard and Jan Mayen in ISO 3166-2, a system for assigning codes to subnational administrative divisions. However, further subdivision for Svalbard and Jan Mayen occurs under Norway's entry, ISO 3166-2:NO:

What is a Svalbard & Jan Mayen islands?

The United Nations Statistics Division also uses this code, but has named it the Svalbard and Jan Mayen Islands. Svalbard is an archipelago in the Arctic Ocean under the sovereignty of Norway, but is subject to the special status granted by the Svalbard Treaty.

Does Svalbard have an ISO code?

While a separate ISO code for Svalbard was proposed by the United Nations, it was the Norwegian authorities who took initiative to include Jan Mayen in the code. Its official language is Norwegian. Both Svalbard and Jan Mayen consist almost entirely of Arctic wilderness, such as at Bellsund in Svalbard.

SVALBARD AND JAN MAYEN HJT PANELS



Svalbard et Jan Mayen est un terme statistique qui fait référence à deux territoires norvégiens de l'océan Arctique : l'archipel de Svalbard (ou plus souvent l'archipel du Spitzberg en français, ???)



See towering mountains, stunning fjords, majestic waterfalls and gigantic glaciers as you explore Svalbard, Jan Mayen, Greenland and Iceland. Spend several days soaking up the natural beauty of Northwest Spitsbergen National Park and the ???



1/4 1/4 Svalbard og Jan Mayen,ISO 3166-1 1/4 SJ,ISO 3166-1 1/4 SJM,ISO 3166-1 1/4 744? 1/4 ,,,,?.sj??? ???

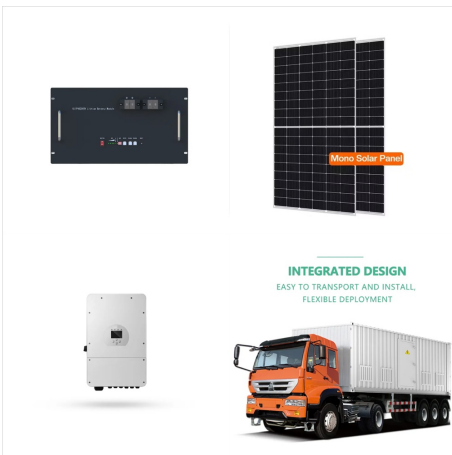
SVALBARD AND JAN MAYEN HJT PANELS



Zusammenfassend lässt sich sagen, dass Svalbard und Jan Mayen zwei der abgelegensten Reiseziele der Welt sind, die wirklich einzigartige Reiseerlebnisse für abenteuerlustige ???



Climate gases in Svalbard; Air temperature and precipitation; UV in Ny-Ålesund; Ocean. The transport of freshwater through the Fram Strait; Thickness of sea ice in the Arctic Ocean ???



An assessment of MOSJ: the state of the marine climate system around Svalbard and Jan Mayen
Renner, Angelika H.H.; Dodd, Paul A.; Fransson, Agneta : Tromsø: Norwegian Polar Institute, 2018
-51 pp (Report series / Norwegian ???)

SVALBARD AND JAN MAYEN HJT PANELS



Svalbard et Jan Mayen est un terme statistique qui fait référence à deux territoires norvégiens de l'océan Arctique : l'archipel de Svalbard, et l'île Jan Mayen, regroupés sous le même code ISO 3166-1 << SJ >>. Malgré cette dénomination ???



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Svalbard et Jan Mayen est un groupe d'îles au nord de la mer de Barents, sur l'océan Arctique. Le pays a une superficie totale de 62.045 km² et une longueur totale de côtes de 124 km. Cette ???

SVALBARD AND JAN MAYEN HJT PANELS



Svalbard is approximately 24,570 square mi (63,000 square km); Jan Mayen is approximately 145 square mi (373 square km). Svalbard is an island group consisting of nine main islands: Spitsbergen (the largest), Nordaustlandet, ???



MOSJ (Environmental Monitoring of Svalbard and Jan Mayen) is an environmental monitoring system and part of the Norwegian Government's environmental monitoring in Norway. The site provides historical climate ???