



In our Annual Energy Outlook 2022 (AEO2022) Reference case, which reflects current laws and regulations, we project that the share of U.S. power generation from renewables will increase from 21% in 2021 to 44% in 2050. This increase in renewable energy mainly consists of new wind and solar power. The contribution of hydropower remains largely unchanged ???



Renewable energy generates over 20% of all U.S. electricity, and that percentage continues to grow. The following graphic breaks down the shares of total electricity production in 2023 among the types of renewable power: In 2022, ???



Nearly 75% of global greenhouse gas emissions come from burning fossil fuels for energy. Renewable energy is increasing but still only makes up about 4% of total global energy consumption. How Many People Could Switching to Renewable Energy Impact? Renewable energy has the potential to impact the entire global population of over 7.88 billion

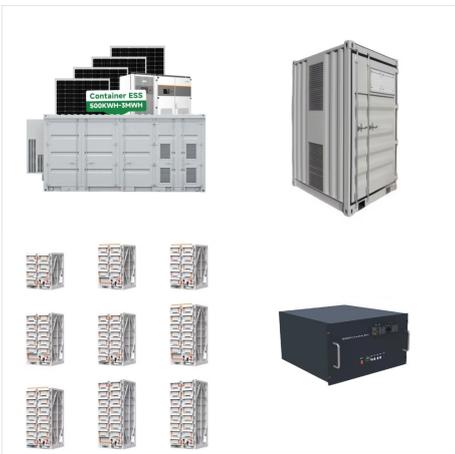
# WHAT PERCENT OF RENEWABLE ENERGY IS USED IN THE US



International geothermal electricity generation. In 2022, 24 countries, including the United States, generated about 92 billion kWh of electricity from geothermal energy. Indonesia was the top geothermal electricity producer at about 17 billion kWh, which was about 5% of Indonesia's total electricity generation.



Wind energy in the United States is almost exclusively used by wind-powered turbines to generate electricity in the electric power sector, and it accounted for about 24% of U.S. renewable energy consumption in 2019. Wind surpassed hydroelectricity to become the most-consumed source of renewable energy on an annual basis in 2019.

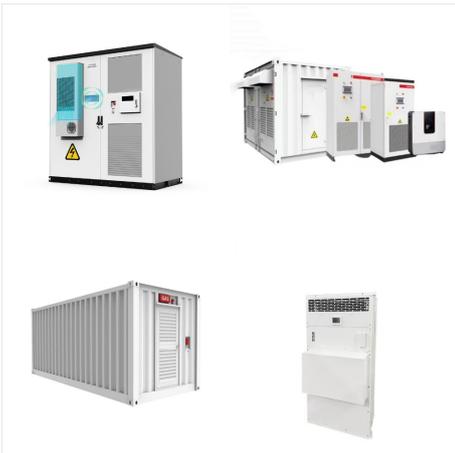


Why is renewable energy important? Clean power generation is front-and-centre of the UK's strategy to reach net zero by 2050, with the government setting energy providers a target for all electricity to come from 100% zero-carbon.

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Nebraska's renewable energy production. Nebraska produced 12,252 thousand megawatt hours of electricity using renewable energy sources. That made up 31.2% of its total electricity, which ranked 13th.



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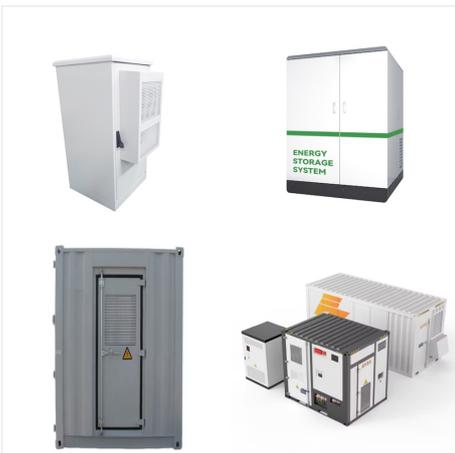


Nonrenewable energy began replacing most renewable energy in the United States in the early 1800s, and by the early-1900s, fossil fuels were the main source of energy. The chart below shows U.S. energy sources, their major uses, and their percentage shares of total U.S. energy consumption in 2022. Download image

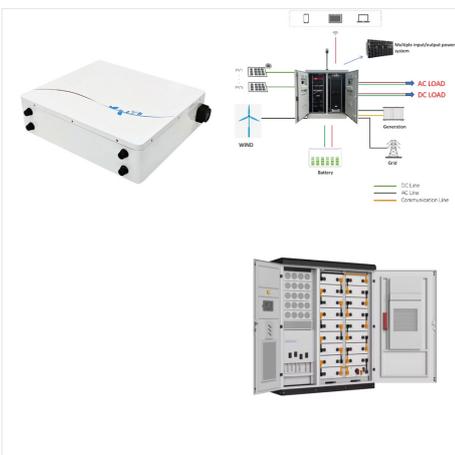
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How has US energy consumption, from coal to renewable energy, changed over time? How expensive is gasoline? Forty-eight percent of the population ages 25 and older has a college degree. On average, people whose highest level of education is a bachelor's degree earned \$1,493 per week in 2023, roughly 66% more than workers with a high



Renewable energy is a collective term used to capture several different energy sources. "Renewables" typically include hydropower, solar, wind, geothermal, biomass, and wave and tidal energy. This interactive map shows the share of primary energy that comes from renewables (the sum of all renewable energy technologies) across the world.



In the United States, most renewable electricity generation comes from hydropower, solar, and wind. Generation from renewable energy sources has grown rapidly as renewable capacity, mostly solar and wind, has been added to the grid. In 2021, a record amount of new utility-scale solar capacity was installed in the United States.

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For the study, funded by the U.S. Department of Energy's Office of Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy, NREL modeled technology deployment, costs, benefits, and challenges to decarbonize the U.S. power sector by 2035, evaluating a range of future scenarios to achieve a net-zero power grid by 2035.



More than half of energy use in homes is for heating and air conditioning. U.S. households need energy to power numerous home devices and equipment, but on average, more than half??52% in 2020??of a household's annual energy consumption is for just two energy end uses: space heating and air conditioning. 1 These uses are mostly seasonal; are energy-intensive; and ???



Hydropower was one of the first sources of energy used for electricity generation, and until 2019, hydropower was the leading source of total annual U.S. renewable electricity generation. In 2022, hydroelectricity accounted for about 6.2% of total U.S. utility-scale 1 electricity generation and 28.7% of total utility-scale renewable electricity

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Renewable energy use also set new highs: 8.8% of total US energy demand and 23% of electricity demand. US "energy productivity" set a new record in 2023 as economic growth outpaced energy consumption and grew 3.8% year-on-year. The trend is even starker over the past 10 years, where GDP has grown by 25.5% while primary energy



In 2020, consumption of renewable energy in the United States grew for the fifth year in a row, reaching a record high of 11.6 quadrillion British thermal units (Btu), or 12% of total U.S. energy consumption.



82% of U.S. energy comes from fossil fuels, 8.7% from nuclear, and 8.8% from renewable sources. In 2023, renewables surpassed coal in energy generation. 1. Wind and solar are the fastest growing renewable sources, but contribute less ???

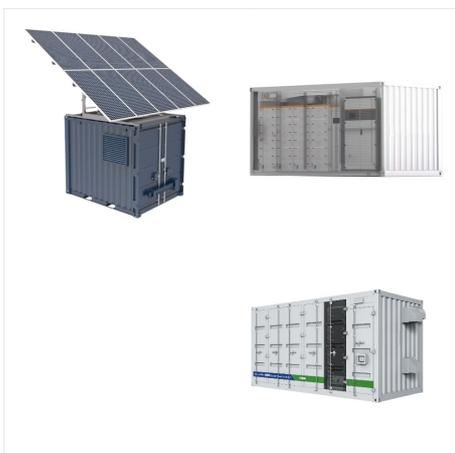
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Renewable energy use increased 3% in 2020 as demand for all other fuels declined. The primary driver was an almost 7% growth in electricity generation from renewable sources. China alone should account for almost half of the global increase in renewable electricity in 2021, followed by the United States, the European Union and India



Transportation accounted for about 28% of total energy use, followed by the industrial sector (23%), households (7%) and commercial establishments (less than 5%). Per capita energy use in the U.S. had been trending lower since the turn of the 21st century but ticked up in 2018. On average, each American in 2000 used about 349.8 million Btu.



In 2020, the United States used only 0.2% of the total available renewable energy potential available for electricity production. ? Over 9% of the nationally available renewable energy ???

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Increasing the supply of renewable energy would allow us to replace carbon-intensive energy sources and significantly reduce US global warming emissions. For example, a 2009 UCS analysis found that a 25 percent by 2025 national renewable electricity standard would lower power plant CO2 emissions 277 million metric tons annually by 2025???



Renewable energy use is projected to grow by an average of 3.1% annually from 2022 to 2050, compared to a 0.2% growth in total energy use. 8 At these rates, renewables would provide 29% of U.S. energy use in 2050. 8; In 2023, for the fourth time since 1949, the U.S. exported more oil (10.15 M bbl/d) than it imported (8.51 M bbl/d). 3



OverviewSolar water heatingRationale for renewablesRenewable energy and carbon dioxide emissionsCurrent trendsFuture projectionsRenewable electricity sourcesBiofuels

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Yet despite record growth, renewable energy installations need to ramp up even faster. Analyses of achieving 100% carbon-free electricity by 2035, what's needed to achieve U.S. greenhouse gas reduction targets, indicate that annual installation rates of renewables in coming years need to nearly double the rates seen in 2023.. Electric vehicle sales set new records in ???



The European Union (EU), which produced an estimated 6.38 percent of its energy from renewable sources in 2005, adopted a goal in 2007 to raise that figure to 20 percent by 2020. By 2016 some 17 percent of the EU's energy came from renewable sources. In the United States numerous states have responded to concerns over climate change and